Novel Foods Haslberger WS 2023

- Development in breeding and biotech
 GVOs, CRISPR
 Cloning and epigenetics
 Foods, microbiota, the I,S. and epigenetics, aging
 Functional foods, pro, pre, syn, post biotics
 Nutraceuticals, medicinal foods
 Fermenting foods, meat
 Foods from new technologies
 Ethnic foods
 Nano in food industry
 Regulations, Health claim, additives, functional food,
 Personalised Nutrition

1





2

WHO, UN, Risk Assessment



Direct, indirect risk, (long term) Epidemiologie





Functional ingredients – from fiction to facts

Food habits have gradly evolved in recent decades. In addition to aspects such as toste, quality, safety, and convenience, consumers now also expect processed food to be nutritions and sustainable Factors such as our ageing appulation; growing levels of obesity and type II diabetes; and increased accurate of acraficoscular diseases have urged consumers to seek. Bryond nutritional requirements, health-promoting benefits in the food they consume interest in these so-called functional foods has thus drastically increased in recent years.

Nutrition, Foods, Health



6

Foods, functions, claims



Biotechnology and Agriculture, development

Plant Selection

 Agriculture begins with the collection and planting of seeds from wild plants Occurs in 8 locations throughout the world between 7000 -12000 years ago · Selections were made based on yield, seed size, and taste



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Landraces, Diversity

Refers to the particular kinds of old seed strains and varieties that are farmer-selected in areas where local subsistence agriculture has long prevailed. Landraces are highly adapted to specific locales or groups.

Definition : modified by native and also immigrant farmers.

The term is usually applied to varieties of corn, squash, and beans that were domesticated by native farmers,





T. Malthus: 1766-1834 Crisis in food production



GREEN Revolution

Term coined by U.S. Agency 1968) Movement to increase yields by using: . New crop cultivars . Irrigation . Fertilizers . Mechanization A planned international effort funded by: Rockefeller Foundation Ford Foundation Many developing country governments Purposed to eliminated hunger by improving crop performance Norman Borlaug (1970 Nobel price)

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Models for population growth and food security:

Pessimistic or Alarmist Theory

Malthus - 19th century, Coale & Hoover (1958), Paul Ehrlich (Population Bomb), Meadows (Limits to Growth) – 1960s and 1970s. Focus on population policy & fixed, non-renewable resources.

Optimistic Theory Ester Boserup – 1960s – 70s (agric. Intensification) Julian Simon – 1970s - 80s (human capital)

Neutralist or Revisionist Theory

Pflanzenzüchtung Breeding, yield, time for development



Klassische Züchtungsmethoden

Auslesezüchtung/Selektionszüchtur

Die Aulesezüchtung fangt mit dem Anbau von Genotypengemitschen (vorh. genetische Linien, auch Wildpflanzen) an. Aus dem nach gemeinsamer Ablibite erzugten Satzut werden Pflanzen mit vorteilhaften Eigenschaften ausgewählt (Zuchtwahl, Massenaulese). Kombinationstlichtung i eine Kreizung wercheidener Genotypeng (Linien). Er senttettet in einer Genotypen Die Kombinationstlichtung i eine Kreizung wercheidener Genotypeng (Linien). Er senttettet in einer Genotypen

eterosistikhtune

ieterostschlung nich Heterostschlung werden bei <u>Fremdbefruchtern</u> (Maik, Roggen…) in mehrjähriger Züchtung nus <u>heterosynoten Ausganspellanzen nahezu homozyote Inachflichen gerüchtet. Kreut man zwei solche Linien, tritt bei der F1 Seneration oft eine utfällende Nehrlistung gegenüber der Etternörmen auf Dies nennt man "Elterosit<u>s Effekt</u></u>

Hybridzüchtung

bei hybitälisähtuugiste in Beispiel für Heterossäukhung, aur Lrischung einer hahen marki- oder betreibagenerahten plaatlichen Produktion sich Taksardwichsigket. So wenn bei der hybitälisähtung engienste, stonsoften gerichtet inschlichen einemilig miteinande geitreaut (Erlischkrijvelck). ⊒De Nachkommen der ersten Generation (1) einer sichen Forzung hahen gegenüber Einer fürsten der einer einer

Mutationszüchtun

Bei der Mutationszüchtung werden Samen <u>Röntgen-</u> oder <u>Neutronenstrahlen</u>, Kälte- und Wärmeschocks oder anderen <u>Mutagenen</u> ausgesetzt²², um neue Eigenschaften durch <u>Mutation</u> zu erzielen, die einen positiven Effekt aufweisen. Damit wird die Zichtung einer Sorten erheichte berscheinent.

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Hybridzüchtung, Heterosis



Inbreeding

- Hybridization
- o Heterosis
 - Main Goals
 - Interease the homozygosity at all or specific loci in the plant genome
 Produce a plant which breeds true
 Produce uniform plants



Hybrid: Heterosis effect



Introducing new traits in a plant family:(Random) Mutation Breeding

Crop	Cultivar Name	Method Used to Induce Mutation
nce	Carose 76	gamma rays
and a second	Above	sodum axide
MIN'N	LITHIS	thermal neutrons
0223	Alamo-X	16-raya
	Rio Red	thermal neutrons
0.shaune	Star Ruby	thermal neutrons
22 Sec. 1	Tifeage	gamma rays
	Tifgreen I	gamma raya
tranna hasa	T.R.94	gamma rays
	T/Jway I	igamma rays
100 Mar 100	Ice Cube	etryt methanesurphonate
ALDICE	Mri-Oreen	etryl methanesu/phonate
Street and a street of the	Seatarer	X-rays
Lormon De St	SEBADY	Kraya
Nac.	Praine Pette	thermal neutrons
	TXSA 8292	ganna rays
or sedimine dans	TXSA 8212	learma rais

ria,

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IAEA

Why Radiation Induced Mutation?

"We offer a very efficient tool to the global agricultural community to broaden the adaptability of crops in the face of climate change, rising prices, and solis that lack fertility or	of pests and diseases and extreme weather conditions may have become severely weakened," says Lagoda.
have other major problems," says Lagoda.	There is a solution using radiation to artificially induce the variations that plant breeders need, Radiation-induced
induced mutation: half the time of traditional breeding	mutation produces millions of variants. Breeders then
methods. Boutinely, plant breeding requires seven to 10	screen for the desired traits and cossibreed. "Induced
breeder looking for pest resistance, for example, might find	method does encounter resistance and the public is
the characteristic in a wild variety with poor quality and yield. This wild variety will be crossed with a plant that does	generally concerned by anything relating to radiation and mutation," Lapoda explains.
the desired traits will then be selected and propagated.	"In plant breeding we're not producing anything that's not produced by nature itself. There is no residual collation left
induced mutation: more options from which breeders	In a plant after mutation induction. Through its Technical
can choose Hybrids, the product of crosses, are only as	Cooperation Programme, the IAEA provides the tool and the
century, about 75% of cosp biodiversity has been lost and monoculture has devinished plant sariety in famen' fields.	plant breeders must take the next step, selecting and cros- breeding plants to achieve the desired result," says Lagoda.
Both conditions limit researchers when crossing strains	
to create new plants. "This loss in plant genetic diversity endangers food security as resistance to yet latent biotypes.	Pierre Lagoda, Head of the FAQUMEA Plant Breeding and Genetics Section. E-mail: P.LL Lagoda@iana.org

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Breeding: Irradiation



Irradiator at Institute of Radiation Breeding Ibaraki-ken, JAPAN (http://www.irb.affrc.go.jp/)

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Mutation breeding

ne the start of the otrus brending programme five outwars have been released from the eventional brending programme. Currently final market evaluation of selected hybrids A25, B17, 4 and Q38 is underway to determine if they can be commercialised. Hybrids I22, B17 and B24 ar the process of semi-currenterial evaluation.



pplement to the conventional breading rogramme. It is an economical and time rogramme. It is an economical and time rogrammer and the series of the second operation of the second second second enter of its generation of the second operating can provide a means of producing any seedloss cubivars with a wider range of Alour, quality and time of maturity.

successes with citrus mutation breeding in the lanuary 1999 issue of the Institute's quarteri magazine, Weltruck's, Contact Nrs Iris Huma

Tissue culture , Clones ?



Somaclonal variation

 Production of a new variety of japanese butterbur using somaclonal variation.(upper:new variety, lower:native variety)



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Breeding using transposons

Ein Transposon ist ein DNA-Abschnitt bestimmter Länge im Genom, der seine Position im Genom verändern kann (Transposition). Man unterscheidet Transposons, deren mobile Zwischenstufe von RNA gebildet wird (Retroelemente oder Klasse-I-Transposon), von denjenigen, deren mobile Phase DNA ist (DNA-Transposon oder Klasse-I-Transposon).





Transposon tagging

The molecular isolation of transposable elements now permits the cloning of genes in which the element resides. The major advantage of this system is that genes whose function is not known can be cloned

75

Molecular marker directed breeding



Cloning, Definition

Cloning is the process of making an identical copy of something

In biology, it collectively refers to processes used to

-- copies of DNA Fragments (molecular cloning)

-- cells (cell cloning)

-- organism

The term also covers when organisms such as bacteria, insects or plants reproduce asexually.

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DNA cloning:



To clone a piece of DNA, DNA is cut into fragments using restriction enzymes that recognize specific sequences of bases in DNA. The fragments are pasted into vectors that have been cut by the same restriction enzyme. Vectors (e.g., plasmids or viruses) are needed to transfer and maintain DNA in a host cell.

Reproductive Cloning

Reproductive cloning is a technology used to generate an animal that has the same nuclear DNA as another currently or previously existing animal. Dolly was created by reproductive cloning technology. In a process called "somatic cell nuclear transfer" (SCNT), scientists transfer genetic material from the nucleus of a donor adult cell to an egg whose nucleus has been removed. The reconstructed egg containing the DNA from a donor cell must be treated with chemicals or electric current in order to stimulate cell division. Once the cloned embryo reaches a suitable stage, it is transferred to the uterus of a female host where it continues to develop until birth.

Reproductive Cloning





Therapeutic Cloning

Therapeutic cloning, also called "embryo cloning," is the production of human embryos for use in research. The goal of this process is not to create cloned human beings, but rather to harvest stem cells that can be used to study human development and to treat disease. Stem cells are extracted from the egg after it has divided for 5 days.

The extraction process destroys the embryo, which raises a variety of ethical concerns. Many researchers hope that one day stem cells can be used to serve as replacement cells to treat heart disease, Alzheimer's, cancer, and other diseases.

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Horticultural cloning

All plants which are originated from vegetativ reproductions are clones.

They have been derived from a single individual, multiplied by some process other than sexual reproduction. Examples are bananas, grapes and potatoes.



GM plants, Tranferring traits in ways which are not used in nature: GMOs





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Homologic recombination



·

2

33



ergene

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Agrobact. tumefaciens

Antibiotic resistance marker gene Testing whether the gene has been transferred

Plants with new genes grow despite arabitotics so plants do not grow Plasmid for gene transfer: desired gene marker gene Gene gun



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Gene transfer with viruses



Main GMOs, Herbicide tolerance, glyphosate



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Herbicide Resistance: more or less herbicide? depending on local agricultural background



• Roundup Ready Soy, Corn, Canola • Allows post-emergence herbicide spraying Increases yield
 Facilitates no-till farming 89% U.S. Soy crop (2006)

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Herbizide resistance, gene transfer



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Gene flow: multiresistant Rape



Insect resistance, BT maize



BT resistance: B. thuringiensis proteins









Maiszünsler: wirtschaftlich bedeutendster Maiss hädling

Es gibt mehrere Strategien zur Bekämpfung des Maiszünslers:

- mechanisch durch Zerkleinern und Unterpflügen der auf dem Feld verbliebenen Pflanzenreste
- chemisch durch Einsatz von Insektiziden
- biologisch mit Hilfe von Trichogramma (Schlupfwespen)
- BT Toxin Präparate
- gentechnisch vermittelte Insektenresistenz besitzt (Bt-Mais)

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Bt Corn



Natural insecticide from Bacillus thuringiensis
 Non-toxic to humans
 Target insect: corn borer
 Potential to:

 reduce insecticide use
 reduce membricide

- reduce mycotoxins 40% U.S. Corn crop Bt (2006)

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Bt Concerns

 Bt pollen harms non-target species?
 Bt crops select for resistant insects Bt pollen can drift to organic fields
 Food system failed to keep BT Starlink
 corn out of human food products





Genetically engineered papaya resistant papaya ringspot virus

52

Growth-enhanced fish

Salmon Growth hormone expressed in cold waters & unlinked from seasonal temp.

loach: β-actin promote linked to GH gene.



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- -----
- Probleme der Lachsindustrie
- gv Lachs von Aqua Bounty
- Produktionssteigerung über Ernährung, Krankheitsresistenz
- Gefahr für die Wildlachspopulationen
- Abhängigkeit des Fischfutters
- Umweltverschmutzung durch Lachszucht

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Atlantischer Lachs von Aqua Bounty
 Wachstumshormon-Gen des Chinook Lachs

- Frostschutz-Protein-Gen
- bessere Entwicklung in kalten kanadischen Gewässern
- Wachstum über das ganze Jahr
- normales Gewicht in der Hälfte der Zeit erreicht

BELFOND-CURIENT, 0.L et al.: Factors to consider before production and commercialization of aquatic genetically modified organisms: the case of transgenic salmon: Environmental Science & Policy 12: 170-189; 2009.



GMO tobacco, expression of human proteins in plants



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GMOs in development: CLAIMED BREEDING OBJECTIVES



CLAIMED BREEDING OBJECTIVES



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09.12.2008

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Claimed breeding objectives



BREEDING OBJECTIVES



PFLANZEN ZUR BIO-PRODUKTION Gentechnisch veränderte Stärkekartoffel für technische Anwendungen Was wurde gelinder 2 Ein Gen, für ein Mertmal (Stärke), wurde Eingenzie Eingebnie Knolen, die veränderte & optimierte Stärke enthalte



Vorteile der optimierten Stärke
Verbesserte Produktqualität
Optimierung von Produktionsprozess
Einsparung von Energie und Ressou

Einsparung von Energie und Ressourcen
 Ersatz von synthetischen nicht-abbaubaren
Produkten

Breeding objectives



GMO Trees



GENETICALLY MODIFIED TREE PROPERTIES, AND POTENTIAL by Sense B.A. Gardani, Baker P.

CONCLUSIONS

he public in two areas: reduced plantation fore

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GM FLowers Auto Toyota Turns to GMO Flowers to Relieve it of Prius Manufacturing Pollution

Source: DailyTech Tir - October 30, 2



4

Safety: Random integration, Insertional mutagenesis



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Figure Schematic of the DNA inserts in Monsanto's Roundon Rendy soya. Adversariation by here part used to indicate the length of the DSR Degisters', EDS - indifferent notatives producter. CH2+ there that used product sequence from press. CH2PS - behavior inductions are set from Aprilanementer.

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Toxicology Asessment: Difficulties Animal Feeding Studies Whole Foods Small doses to be fed (bulk, satiety)

Nutritional imbalance of the diet Many confounding factors Small safety margins, if any Insufficient sensitivity for specific endpoints



Detection of unintended effects in vitro, in vivo



GMO tests: PCR, primers, areas, array



New Objectives for gene transfer

Conventional Transgenic Approaches



- Random insertion of transgene
- Not suitable for gene targeting or precise gene mutation
 Difficult to perform gene replacement or create allelic variation
 Introduction of undesirable DNA fragments (T-DNA, selection markers)
- Extensive regulatory requirements
 Public concerns over transgenic crops

- New technology is much needed: > To precisely and efficiently manipulate genome for crop improvement > To reduce regulatory hurdles and public concerns

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Gene editing





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CRISPR/CAS9



Targeting RNA

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CRISPR-Cas9

Broad Application of CRISPR-Cas9 Technology

- Broad Application of CRISPR-Cas9 Technology Technical advantages for basic plane tibilogy and crop breeding > Targeted gene mutation (multiple or redundant genes) > Site-specific integration and gene stacking > Gene replacement via homologous recombination > Site-directed mutagenesis to create allelic variation > Chromosomal engineering such as deletion or translocation > Modification and labeling of multiple genes and pathways > Engineering eding such as methylation and demethylation > Chromosina integration such as deletion for genesis without introducing undesizable foreign DNA

- Economic, regulatory and societal benefits: > Reduce costs for precise and efficient molecular breeding > Eliminate or significantly reduce regulatory requirements > Alleviate public concerns about GM crops

CRISPR-Cas9, applications

Near-term Applications for Crop Breeding

- Targeted deletion of single or multiple genes for transgene-free, mutational breeding in various crop species.
- Site-specific integration and precise gene stacking for transgenic or cisgenic breeding.
- Multiplex editing to create allelic variation at quantitative trait loci to improve multiple agronomic traits (yield, quality, disease resistance and abiotic stress tolerance).

			Ami	no Acid P	osition		
Flice Variety	Resistant with AVR-Pite Fungus	Rice Type	6	148	158	176	918
Yashiro-mochi	Yes	Japonica	1	R	н	D	A
Teteo	Yes	Indica		R	ы	D	A
C101A51	No	Indica	1	R	14	D	s
Truccusion	No	Japonica	5	5	0	V	5

Video gene editing

Genome editing is going to be high on next Parliament agenda, MEP



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Novel food, functional food, pro-, pre-, syn-, postbiotics



Development of microbiota, I.s., and epigenetic system, imprinting



Development prenatal, Interaction with I.S., epigenetic maternal factors , Diversity:delivery, breastfeeding, imprinting in 1000 days of life

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Interactions Microbiota diversity - I.S.- epigenetic system in senescence



Structure microbiota



Microbiome - a collection of microbial genomes Microbiota - a collection of microbes

 As many bacteria as host cells in human body

 150x more bacterial genes than our human genome

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"Core" Microbiota

- Bacteroidetes (22,9 %) • Firmicutes (64 %)
- (32 % of C. Cluster IV, 36 % of C. Cluster XIVa and 5 % of Lactobacilli)
- (Mariat et al., 2009 • Actinobacteria (1- 4 %)
- Verrumicrobiales (1- 4 %)
 Archaeal domain (1- 2,5 %)
- Eukaryotic microorganisms (< 0,1 %) (Gerritsen et al., 2011)

Microbiota Functions Protective functions

Structural functions

- Metabolic functions
 / Fermenting dietary fiber into short-chain fatty acids
 / Synthesizing vitamins

Variation in microbiota structure is high

Despite high variation, GI microbiota depend on :

Individuum
 Area and lifestyle
 Diet
 Interventions



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Ways of delivery and microbiota: a long lasting difference

Infants born by elective cesarean delivery had particularly low bacterial richness and diversity, formula-fed infants had increased richness of species, with overrepresentation of *Clostridium difficile*.





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We are not born sterile !



GI microbiota: Diversity of groups and functions important for health





Aging and Microbiota



Bacterial cell wall components and Inflammation: dysbiosis, LPS and gut permeability; obesity as a model



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Endotoxins, saturated fats/ chylomicrons trigger inflammation, insulin resistance; SCFAs may trigger GLP1 activation

GLP1: incretin improves DMII and obesity





leaky gut: a major health problem



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Microbiota and fermentation products e.g. SCFAs Clostridial cluster XIVa tridial cluster I\ Clo (Lachnospiraceae) (Rumminococaceae Eubacterium hallii Faecalibacterium prausnitzii Angerostipes coli Butyricoccus Roseburia spp. Clostridium Leptu E. rectale spp. Non starch Polysaccharides Resistent starch (Louis and Flint, 2009, FEMS)

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Pathways and cross feeding for SCFAs/

Microbiota metabolites: SCFAs bind to G-Protein-Receptors GPR 41/43 (FFARs)

(Huster et al., 2013; Flint et al., 2009, Nature Rev)

Appetts

Anti-inflammatory;

Inhibition of NFKB

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Butyrate and epigenetic histone modulation







Butyrate and epigenetics



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Butyrate: apoptosis, autophagy, mi- RNAs regulating inflammation, vitro

Table 1. de

TREATMENT		METHODS	CANCER CELLS	TARGETS		CITATIONS	
NaB	In vitro	PCR	HT-29 (human CRC cells)	MUC2 gene	Nall can inhibit MUC2 gene expre	assion 39	
NaB	Invitro	RT-PCR	HCT-116, AW490 (human CRC cells)	Dynamin-related protein 1 (DRP1)	NaB induces apoptosis in CRC	40	
NaB, EGCG	in vitro	PCR	HCT-116, RKD, HT-29 (human CRC cells)	P21, P63, NF-kB-p65, HDAC1, DNMT1, survivin	Nall promotes apoptosis and inhi damage, cell cycle arrest in CRC	bits DNA 41 cells	
NaB	Invito	RT-PCR, Western blot assay. MTT proliferation assay	DU145, PC3-cells (human prostate cancer cells)	ANDEA1	NaB inhibits proliferation and cell in DU145 cells and upregulates A expression in prostate cancer	survival 42 NCA1	
Butyrete, TSA	Invito	Northerniblot analyses, H-thymi- dino assay, DNA transfer analysis	HT-29, HT-116 (human CRC cells)	P21 mRNA	Butyrate induces P21 mRNA copi an immodiate early fashion	ression in 43	
NaB	Invitro	Western blot assay, gRT-PCR	Burkitt lymphoma cell line Raji	c-Myc protein	Butyrate upregulates miR-143, mi and miR-101	R-545, 44	
NaB	Invitro	Western blot analyses, PCR	MDA-MB-231 and MCF7 (human breast cancer cells)		NaB upregulates miR-31	45	
obreviations: ANX RT-PCR, revenue-b	A1, lipecortin 1; 0 tanacription quar	WMT 1, DNA sylosine (a methyltranslenas titative PCR: RT-PCR, mailtime PCR: TSA, I	1; HDACI, histone-deacetylase inhit richoslain A (histone hyperacetylatie	Rom; MUC 2, musin 2; NaB, sodia	m butyrate; NF-c8, nuclear factor c8; PC	R, polymerase chain reaction	
				Epigenetic Regulation of Butyrate in Colorectal Co	Television & Comparation Visioner 3 + 4 In The Automation Control America Automation Control		
				Kenn S Bishoo/, Humen Xu ²	and Gareth Markow?	Include the Adjustment of States of States and States a	

Diet dictates the production of SCFAs, diversity of the microbiota, many types of complex carbs





Interventions.	examp	les
	er an i p	

Fasting, CR Probiotika, Prebiotika, Synbiotika, Postbiotika Epigenetic active foods, mi RNAs

Fasting pathways: Sirt, mTOR pathways



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Caloric restriction and aging change epigenetic CpG -methylation structure





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Fasting and Microbiota

Werkler Rohanson (2015 121 394 - BH DD 112 1281 NORDA TH-OTE-1 Wiener klinische Wochenschrift Te Geberbegen zum der Mitten

ed gut dance of sia after Faecal/bacterium pra fasting: a pilot study Materia Renaly - Belt Alexander Fastberger Personal 3 Outline 2011 No.



Why Your Gut Microbes Love Intermittent Fasting Did you know that most of the cells t aren't human at all? Some of them an fast with the <u>LIFE Fasting Tracker</u> app





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nic diet and f









Effect of Plant Ingredient and Diet on Microbiota and Metabolites



Probiotic

- Positive effects on health already 100 years ago suggested by Nobel Prize winner Elie Metchnikoff [Metchnikoff, 2004]
- Definition: "live microorganisms that, when administered in adequate amounts, confer a health benefit on the host" [FAO/WHO, 2002]
- Over 8000 research articles published since 2002 → several probiotic products on the market [Hill et al., 2014]
- Cell components of probiotics able to induce effects in host [Dotan and Rachmilewitz, 2005] but requirement for survivable cells remains a crucial factor for efficacy [Ma et al., 2004]

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Antimicrobial substances

- Probiotics produce various antimicrobial acting substances
- Examples: lactic acid, hydrogen peroxide, microcines, deconjugated bile acids [Oelschlaeger, 2010], bacteriocins [Maqueda et al., 2008]
- Antibiotics also produced by probiotics → reuterin:
 Broad-spectrum antibiotic
 - Active against yeast, gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria, fungi, viruses, protozoa
 - Produced by strain ATCC55730 from L. reuteri [Cleusix et al., 2007]

Species

- Lactobacilli:
 - Present in GIT, oral cavity and vagina of humans [Walter, 2008]
 - Widespread use in production and fermentation of foods → ability to convert hexose sugars to lactic acid → preservation [Fijan, 2014]
 - Excellent for use as probiotics: high tolerance to acid and bile, capability to adhere to intestinal surfaces [Tulumoglu et al., 2013]
- · Bifidobacteria:
 - First colonizers of the human gut together with lactobacilli [Turroni et al., 2012]
 - Well known for resistance against bile salts [Fijan, 2014]

Species

• Bacillus species:

- Either spore-forming aerobic or facultative aerobic, gram positive bacteria
 B. subtilis, B. cereus, B. coagulans are members with probiotic characteristics [Fijan, 2014]
- Eschericha coli Nissle 1917:
 - Able to colonize the gut and compete with resident and pathogenic bacteria through multiple fitness factors [Behnsen et al., 2013]
 - Stimulation of epithelial defensin production \rightarrow restoration of disturbed gut barrier
 - "Sealing effect" on tight junctions of enterocytes [Sonnenborn and Schulze, 2009]





Figure 2. Various ways of immune modulation by E. coli Nissle 1917 (summary of data from in vitro and in vivo experiments) [Behnsen et al., 2013]

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Treatment of acute diarrhea with probiotics - meta-analyses



Probiotics effect the Epigenetic regulation





Probiotics, new ways



a) See Class Ansame (*) See Annote (*) For generating and Gener

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The ingredient According to Deerland, DE111 is a genome

sequencing conferred the state contained no planning, antibiotic resistant or deletences pertembers of chiral cales showed the service all high control microbial populations, all in digention and maintain general health. Because the strain is a speer former it remains wiskle us a wide temperature and per range, making it ideal for use in supplements as well as food and beenings.

, 554, dok 10.4172/22/20-0001.1000189 Affect of Basilius subblin DETT1 on the Dody Rosel Movement Profile for People with C subtesting impolarity"



Butyrate production or cross feeding ?



Prebiotics what is it?



Credit: Gibson GR, et al. Nature Reviews Gastroenterology & Hepatology. 2017; 14: 491-502. (CC-BY)

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Fibers and SCFA



Fibers and obesity, butyrogenic



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Receptors of SCFAs



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Synbiotics



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Postbiotics



Bacteriocins (protective compounds that make life hard for the bad guys)*
Ensymes (help to digest food, get rid of toxins and assist other metabolic processes)*
Vitamins (like the B's and vitamin K)*
Amino acids (building blocks of portein)*
Neurotransmitters (carry messages between the nerves and brain and can even affect appetite)*
Immune -signaling compounds (they support the body's immune cells)*
Short-chain fatty acids (created from fiber, they keep the intestinal ling strong and health)!*
Organic acids (such as Fulvic and Humic acid. They combine with minerais, making them easier to absorb and help maintain the correct pH in the Gi tract)*

Postbiotic concepts



Fermentation spontaneous stater cultures



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Fermentation between tradition and novel possibilities



main categories of criteria			Novel fermenter	
Pro-technological	Sensory	Nutritional/Functional	foods	
*	Metabolic tracts			
 Yalkoty of grawth Yalkoty of goldfication Yalkoty of goldfication Salth Nervee Malactic formatrixin Mala cold preducing compactness table compactness table compactness table compactness Salthal cold preducing compactness Salthal cold preducing compactness Patholad in the control of compactness 	 Visitersfermenterve metabolism Synthesis of errorio processor comparable 	 Systems of hospits companies Increase of the construction of the construction of the same solution of stands Increase of boarching genetics Standard Panning Standard Panning Systems of a sampling out Systems of assignment of the sampling 		

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Fermentation of food waste results in usefull molecules



Bioactive plant ingredients, fuctional foods, sekundaere Pflanzeninhaltsstoffe

Gruppe	Grundbausteine	Substanzklasse	
Phenolische Verbindungen	Shikimat Phenylalanin	Polyphenole einfache Phenole	
	Phenylalanin + Polyketid	Flavonoide Stillbene	
Isoprenoide Verbindungen	$_{\mu}$ aktives (sopren''' (C ₂)	Hemilterpene (C _a) Monoterpene (C _a) Sesquiterpene (C _a) Diterpene (C _a) Triterpene (C _a) Tetraterpene (C _a) Polyterpene	
Pseudoalkaloide	Terpenoide, Polyketid	Terpenoid-Alkaloide einige Piperidin-Alkaloide	
"echte" Alkaloide	Aspartat Lysin Drrithin, Arginin Tyrosin Tryptophan Glycin	Tabak-Alkaloide Lupinen-Alkaloide Pyrrolizidin-Alkaloide Tropan-Alkaloide Benzylisochinelle-Alkaloide Indol-Alkaloide Purio-Alkaloide	

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Polyphenols



Polyphenois are molecules chemically characterized by the presence of at least one aromatic ring with no er ormore hydroxing proups attached. Polyphenois are plant secondary metabolites that are thought to help plants to survive and proliferate, protecting them against incribal infections or herbivorous animals, or luring polinators. Polyphenois are found in may medicinal and edible plants which represent important alimentary sources, including fruits, vegatables, beverages (such as tea and red wine) and extra virgin oil

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Polyphenols and their plant sources,



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Anthocyans



Types and classification of bioactive compounds from food





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Nutraceuticals



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Nutraceuticals for aging



The best nutraceutical for healthy aging:CR fasting, taken as an example for desired activities



Fasting

- abstain from all/or some kinds of food or drink for a defined time. Has been implicated in religious cultures through out the world
- Voluntary in contrast to starvation,
- Hippocrates (460- 370 v.Chr) und Hildegard von Bingen (1098-1179)
- 20th century: Dr. Buchinger (Witzenhausen 1878-1966),
- CR: fasting, intermitted fasting, alternative day fasting...
 without malnutrition
- Without mainutrition

 R.Monge, F.Gonder, A.Goneriz, F. Li Man, and F. Witheri & Takelo, "Charge In human gut microbios

 References in the second seco



1. Background 2. Hypothesis 3. Study design 4. Results & 5. Limitations

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So, can we increase health span by fasting, CR?



So what contributes to age related diseases/premature aging

4. Results &

1. Background

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Aging/ health are defined by its hallmarks



Fasting mechanisms: AMPK, SIRT, mTOR, p53




Histone deacetylases, Sirtuins



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- not defined as a hallmark of aging, causal relationships have been observed between the microbiome and age
- Firmicutes, Bacteroidetes and Actinobacteria
- Inter-individual changes are determined by genetic, age, diet, health and geographic origin Composition and diversity declining with age
- Epigenetically active metabolites SCFAs
 Target HDACs, GPCRs, used for energy
 production
 declines with aging
- Decline leads to obesity, inflammation, insulir resistance with further DM2, cardiovascular disease, neurological disorders...





1. Background

CR, Fasting, Intervallfasten 18/6, ketogenesis











positive correlation of the abundance of butyrate-producing Bacteroidetes with Mir125, siRT-1 expression, telomere length



Buchinger fasting resulted in a rise in the distribution of Proteobacteria, increased microbiota diversity and a significant increase in Christensenella



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3M sirt inducing drink increased *Actinobacteria*. Firmicutes/*Bacteroidetes* ratio decreased and correlated with BMI. Only Fasting increased Butyrate significantly





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CR, fasting mimetics,



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onne to injury or when the plant is unter attack by ogens, such as bacteria or fung. Sources of absour absour absour absources, negotierries, multierries, and peanuts. absourced absource a



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Green tea extract, EGCG, Catechines







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EGCG II

Angelli

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FFHD

The green tea polyphenol EGCG i with telomeric regulation in norm CG P in Expression and DNA Methyla and *MLH1* in C57BL/6J Male M tinus Kepcija," Rah sana, " Karl-Heinz W 3. Harl-Marlene Re Sylvin Rath Johanna Bo Piperine enhances the bioavailability of the tea polyphenol (-)-epigallocatechin-y-gallate in mi Research Article Epigallocatechin Gallate Effectively Affects Senescence and Anti-SASP via SIR73 in 3T3-L1 Preadipocytes in Comparison with Other Bioactive Substances Stephanie Lilja,¹ Julia Oldenburg,¹ Angelika Pointner,¹ Laura Dewald,¹ Mariam Lerch,¹ Berit Hippe,² Olivier Switzeny,² and Alexander Hasiberger 😒 ¹

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Egcg Effectively reduce Senescence (p21) and SASP EGCG, spermidine, resveratrol, anthocyans stimulate SIRT3



Gallic acid

Gallic acidi, a common dietary phenolic protects against high fat die induced DNA damage Tatews forsten¹³, Remon Neuropa¹⁴, Mitroitar Mill¹⁴, Haht Neurotade¹¹⁴, Bhadesh Hallinge¹, Tatews Janesh¹¹⁴, Vanesh Kurzy¹⁸, Mitroitar Mill¹⁴, Haht Neurotade¹¹⁴, Bhadesh Hallinge¹,





n Propi palate Shitry galate Brig galate Brig palate

> Anti-Albert Anti-Albert Anti-Albert Anti-Albert Anti-Albert

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Astaxanthin



Astaxanthin is a keto-carotenoid with various uses including dietary supplement and food dye. It belongs to a larger class of chemical occupands known as terpenes built from the carbon precursors. Isoperntens/diphosphate, and dimethylallyl diphosphate. Wikipedia

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Astaxenthin ist ein natürlicher, orangenoter Farbstoff. Er zählt zu den Carottniolden, genuer gesagt n. den sauenstaffnaltugen Xanthoppilken as under fallege unterhänstoffe bestärter Pfiltname. Ist vurder Falleren auch alt Hänatochorton bezeichnet (von altgriechisch, haima" für, Bufft, rad., chrom "für, Jahrb", Die Sühltame wird hauptachtlich von Mitroalgen wie der Biutr genange (Haematoroccus pluvialis), aber auch der orten Hefe Phäfte hordozyma und dem Bakterium Parasoccus carotinifaciens geblieft. 1

Astaxanthin dient der Alge als natürlicher UV-Schutz und als Molekül zur Nährstoffbindung: Um unter schwierigen Umweltbedingungen wie starker Sonnenenstrahlung, Wasser- oder Sauerstoffmangel zu überleben, stellt ein her Soffwerbevorgänge ein und blidet zum Schutz eine blutzrote Zyste, deren Pigmente aus Astaxanthin bestehen. 2

Das Carotinoid ist jedoch nicht nur im Plankton enthalten, sondern gelang tüber die Nahrungskette in das Tierreich. Wassertiere wie Lack, Gamelen, Forelike, Kill oder Kreibe, aber auch Flamingoef Forsen die Mikroäge. Sie erhalten durch Astaxanthin ihre roßliche Fähzbung und schützen sich dannie beenfalls vor den schällichen Auswirtungen von UV-Licht und aggressiven Suzerstoffradikalen.3 Der Nährstoff ist auch ein wichtige Zusat ihr Krittermitteln und hilft bei der gesunden Aufzucht von Jungfischen.4

Quercetin



of polyphenols. It is found in many truts, vegetables, leaves, seeds, and gaine; capers, red onions and kate are common foods containing appreciable amounts of quercetin. Wikipedia



Phloretin



	Extrait #	Extrain 8
Rechardowen in der In Siebionsphese		
DRVH-Rudikulflingereigenschaften (K., J ^b	8.7 papiral	18.5 papiral
Percept-Radika/Singenigerechafter (DRACROC)(Einholter)*	2.4	1.8
Supercival Arrian Kadha Kangnergewa kafan (K.,.)	FE1 pageteel	21.8 pg/wi
Howmung do Cyplik Monistel (C., 24	TLS µg/mi	4.5 µg/ml
Induktion der MID(P)H Chinos Bedaktoon-Aktivität In Hepolch?-Hisus-Hepolomatiker (CD)*	200 jagimi	29.2 µgini
Hereneung der HeparkSch Zeilgenliftenztion (Ku)	1300 µgmil	>290 µg/m
leti Tamerpremovierende Mechanismen		
Hermitung der Avomatase Aktivität (K.,)	5.9 µg/ml	5.0 µg/ml
Hermitung der Cau 1-Michville (Kitternmung bei 400 upprei)	62	34
Int/ prol/costive illecharitimer		
Hermitung der Freiffersklon sein harmanen INCT16-Damilientraschen (K.,)	44.3 µg/ml	H3 µg/mi

Zusammenfassend lässt sich sagen, dass sowohl durch naturtrüben Apfelsaft als auch durch Apfelsaft als hand Apfelsafterstin machtilin/ Maus Modell eine Verminderung der Anzahl an Adenomen im Dünndarm festgestellt werden konnte

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A constraints of human inter-individual witability of bioretime metabolites in units after apple communitor. AppleCOR study: This study aimed to assess the inter-individual variation in phoretim abcorption and metabolityses following apples snack consumption. Methods: The excreted phoretim metabolites in 24 h units samples were determined by UPLC-MS/MSin 62 volunteers after acute and sustained (6 weeks) interventions in a randomized and plan samples supplementation of 80 g of a owy-phoretin [39, jum0] or aligh-phoretin (103 µm0] freeze-dried apple snacks

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extensive interindividual variability exists in the excretion of philoretin phase-II conjugates following consumption of apple snacks, which could be related to oral microbiota philoridin-hydrolysing activity, lactase non-persistence trait or the metabotype to which the subject belongs. There were inconsistent effects on postprandial serum glucose concentrations but there was a tendency for decreases to be associated with higher excretion of philoretin phase-II conjugates.

Fisetin





Curcumin



Contraction of the property and the



Berberin, Berberitze



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Anthocyans





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Spermidin





Spermidin mechanisms



ular and cellular mechar ns of spe worecura rano ceruiar mechanisms of spermidine in age-re-es. Spermidine is an inducer of autophagy which is the mai m of anti-aging. First, spermidine triggers autophagy by m e expressions of Atg genes. Second, it regulates transcription SA to promote the synthesis of transcription factor TFEB. idline inhibits EP300, which directly promotes the acetylat nes and indirectly sti n of aTAT1. Besides, s y suppressing of n IL-1β and IL-18. M es, such as RO

er sn ism. On the one hand, it pror eover, spermaine regulates lipid metabolism. On the one hand, it prom otes the differentiation of preadpocytes into mature adipocytes. On the e other hand, it alters lipid profile, modulates lipogenic gene expression s, and represses lipid accumulation. Furthermore, spermidime can delay aging through specific signaling pathways, such as SHIT J/PGC-10, insuli n/ IGF, AMPK-FOXO3a, and CK2/MAPK signaling pathways.



Discussed activities of nutraceuticals along the hallmarks of aging, facts, hypothesis, fiction?

Anti oxydative	Epigenetic active	
inflammation	neuroinflammation	
Telomers	Mitochondria	
Autophagy	Apoptose	
Senolytic	DNa repair	antit!
Immune senescence	Nuro infl	
Anti bacterial	Anti viral	
AGING		
		The second se

ROS and antioxydative activities



Antioxydants

Antioxidant	Solubility	Concentration in human serum (µM)	Concentration in liver tissue (µmol/kg)	1
Ascorbic acid (vitamin C)	Water	50-60 ^[53]	260 (human) ⁽⁵⁴⁾	
Glutathione	Water	400	6,400 (human) ⁽⁵⁴⁾	
Lipoic acid	Water	0.1-0.7[04]	4-6 (rat) ^[57]	
Uric acid	Water	200-400[88]	1,600 (human) ^[54]	
Carolenes	Lipid	β-carotene: 0.5-1 ^[99] retinol (vitamin A): 1-3 ^[90]	5 (human, total carotenoids) ⁽⁵¹⁾	
e-Tocopherol (vitamin E)	Lipid	10-40 ⁽⁶⁰⁾	50 (human)(54)	
Ubiquinol (coenzyme Q)	Lipid	Steat	200 (human) ⁽⁶³⁾	
		$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{O}_2 \longrightarrow \mathrm{O}_2 \\ \mathrm{Oxygen} & \mathrm{Supe} \end{array}$	$O_2^- \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{c} \text{Superoxide} \\ \text{dismutase} \end{array}} H$	$H_2O_2 \xrightarrow[eroxidases]{Peroxidases} H_2O \xrightarrow[eroxide]{Water}$

Enzymatic pathway for detoxification of reactive oxygen species

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Stress and Mitormesis



ECG and ECGG are considered attionations, which means they counteract or prevent outdrive stress in the body caused by aggressive firer andicals of ongen," and sensor co-autor Professor Michael Ristow, a reacher in in the Ogenationet of Health Sciences and Technology at ETH Zuick and the Department of Health Sciences and Technology at ETH Zuick and the Department of Health Sciences and Technology at ETH Zuick and the Department of Health Sciences and Technology at ETH Zuick and the Department of Health Sciences and Technology at ETH Zuick and the Department of Health Sciences and Technology at ETH Zuick and the Department of Health Sciences and Technology at ETH Zuick and the Department of Health Sciences and Technology at Technology at Technology at the Department of Health Sciences and Technology at Technology at Technology at the Department of Health Sciences and Technology at Technology at Technology at the Department of Health Sciences and Technology at Technology at Technology at the Department of Health Sciences and Technology at Technology at Technology at Technology at the Department of Health Sciences and Technology at Technology at Technology at Technology at the Department of Health Sciences and Technology at Technology at Technology at the Department of Health Sciences and Technology at Technology at Technology at the Department of Health Sciences and Technology at Technology at Technology at the Department of Health Sciences and Technology at Technology at the Department of Health Sciences and Technology at the Department of Health Sciences and Technology at Technology at the Department of Health Sciences at the Department of Health Scienc

produce energy.⁶⁷ We took a store tool at it own cannoting act in the enerated of the took active tool at the own cannot be offerent, seemingly paradoxical conclusion: after than suppressing oxidative stress, green tea attaching social and ECai at a low own cannot be in their experiments, the researchers found that applying the green can actaching SIGC and ECai at a low own centreds the lifespan The long teams that the support of the strength of the strength The long teams that the star of the strength of the strength of the manufacture attaches the star of the strength of the strength of the manufacture attaches of the strength of the strengt of the strength of the strength

ematodes after 5 days of catechin treatment. ECG and EGCG initially increase oxidative stress in the short term, wut that this has the subsequent effect of increasing the defensive apabilities of the cells and the organism," they explained.



Ros, stress impairs all mechanisms of the epigenetic machinery -> aging

Promotor CpG methylation

Histones

Non-codi

200

ALL SALES

discours such as cardiscouried adonacy(VID) searce, and type Juliates. However, evolverse from supplementations studies using waves autointum, including stamin S, sittmin E, camingella, nine, or welcourse, down and support the logistical and information on the left of the of donaces. Interventions studies highlight 1 with a differentiation on the left of an attack of the left of highlight studies of information on the left of the of donaces of the left studies in distribuing and the left studies of the left of the left studies of inductive to highlight studies and information on the left of the left studies of molecular here in the left studies of the left studies.

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Figure 11. Mithemmesis Theoretical curve showing how low does of a stressor may have beneficial effects by activating intracellular stress response putways. If the stressor exceeds the capacity of the stress response system to maintain homestasis, then deleterious phenotypes are observed.

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Novel foods, functional foods and epigenetics

DNA, CpG methylation



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Best marker for aging: The epigenetic clock (Horvath) evaluates the biological age, accelerated or decelerated, healthy aging (CpG methylation of 100s of genes)





Effects on histones, chromation



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Epigenetic miRNAs: food borne, marker for mechanisms, phenotypes, disorders



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Mi RNAS, non coding RNAs



Figure 9, Polyphenois and here

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Epigenetics regulates aging mechanisms involved in telomere attrition, mitochondrial functions, autophagy, <u>I.S./inflammation, senescence</u> and DNA-repair



Polyphenols and Inflammation mechanisms



Polyphenol effects inflammation:



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Polyphenols and NRF2

The nuclear factor erythroid 2-related factor 2 (Nrf2) is an emerging regulator of cellular resistance to oxidants. Nrf2 controls the basal and induced expression of an array of antioxidant response elementdependent genes to regulate the physiological and pathophysiological outcomes of oxidant exposure.



NRF2 agonists, antiagonists





Polyphenols, spermidin and microglia



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Spermidine mechanisms



Molecular and cellular mechanisms of spermidine in age-related diseases Spermidine is an inducer of autophagy which is the main mechanism of anti-acing, First, spermidine triggers autophagy by modulating the expresions of Agg genes. Second, it regularist transcription factor IEFA to pr omote the synthesis of transcription factor IEFB. Third, spermidine inhibits P300, which directly promotes the accelytation of Agg genes and in directly stimulates deacetylation of trabulin due to inhibition of aTAT. 19 edds, spermidine exits potent anti-family modulation of a TAT. 19 of multiple inflammatory cytobines, such as ROS, NF=8b, R-1B, and R-1B, and Moreover, It is involved in regulation of cell proliferation (differentiatio n, senescene, apoptosis and necrosis, ultimately promoting cell growth and inhibiting cell earth.

is an annovating agent, spermanne suppresses makine activitation, wire over, spermidline regulates lipid metabolism. On the one hand, it promot es the differentiation of preadipocytes into mature adipocytes. On the o the rhand, it alters lipid profile, modulates lipogenic gene expressions, an dr epresses lipid accumulation. Furthermore, spermidline can delay aging through specific signaling pathways, such as SIRT1/PGC-1a, insulin/IGF, MRF-f2003a, and CI2/JMAPX signaling pathways. Polyphenols and mitochondria, the oldest theory of aging



Mitochondria directed EGCG protects from H2O2 induced cell apoptosis



Telomer attrition





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Polyphenols in the regulation of telomerase, hTERT



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EGCG te	lomerase,	cmyc,	hTERT
---------	-----------	-------	-------





The group test polyabenet ECCE is differentially escaphered with tetranetic regulation in narrow barraw Elevations were cancer calls testiminenees (name testiming), test testiming, test test, test testiminenees (name testiming), test testiming, test testiming, test

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Autophagy, apoptosis



Ref. [5, 41] [18] [4] [4] [36] [5, 20] [16] [24, 38] [33] [14] [21] [16] [40] [40] [13] [13]

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Apoptosis, p53 and polyphenols







Senescence and polyphenols











Senolytics between rejuvention of tissues and cancer prevention

Contraine	Compounds	Canuands at least	Padrocys	
		2010-040	ynicicia	Epthelal O O O O O O
		N (M)	BICAL/DOI	Cells and an an an an a finderman shortening
		31 (pAb)	ICHEER.	
Renerated and	Reproducted	WELCOM)	ROUTECUMP	Personalization
in-Advertises		629 (JA) 300 (JA)	Harmer 1020 Palament	- Hellenin
		2970-044	1071	Promisionenatory
		N (JAI)	Ector/Block-CTFmr	/ menetures
	Panotibere	2555556	HINECCO	
	Enabled 8	10 (sM)	13(32	
	AFAF studydawy taxe-stillene	TRUNCTING (LANC)	10500	
	Querartin	NUMBER (M	REAL PROPERTY AND	
	Betweightbollarane	HUMO	PUM, NET ryshed 6,00 NEWS/SEX	
	Reade	10204 (JA)	DEPTH AGRICUMENTERS. DEPTH AGRICUMENT	Clearance Senescence
	toll tolla	4321265 (vg/mL)	unit (two Cly	tmmune celts
Receive	Desaria	112.545	805	
	Agrigania.	Abree 25 (LM)	RESIDES phatyadia (9,1)=85 philopetia (1)=85	
	Councerted	31 GMO	ckanosyttyb	
	Returnere	04620	GP1805	
	Epigallocates his galleter	10 GAD	004	
	Chender, A	1111120-048	printil dans	Description of the second s
	Citateospin	1(sM)	physic annubicity in	Aging

Quecetin, senolytics and markets millio \$ markets



Immuno senescence and nutraceuticals











MGMT and MLH1 DNA repair enymes and promotor methylation, EGCG

Epigenetics regulates DNA repair



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Mouse study: EGCG reduced high fat diet induced strandbreaks, DNmt1, comet assay





Aging, ageotypes and prevention



Anti bacterial polyphenols





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Antiviral nutraceuticals



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RNA and Corona viruses

	Abbrev.	Accession	Length	Base composition
SARS coronavirus Urbani	SARS	AY278741	29,727	(0.28, 0.20, 0.21, 0.31
Avian infectious bronchitis virus	AIBV	NC_001451.1	27,608	(0.29, 0.16, 0.22, 0.33
Bovine coronavirus	BCoV	NC_003045.1	31,028	(0.27, 0.15, 0.22, 0.36
Human coronavirus 229E	HCoV	NC_002645.1	27,317	(0.27, 0.17, 0.22, 0.35
Murine hepatitis virus	MHV	NC_001846	31.357	(0.26, 0.18, 0.24, 0.32
Porcine epidemic diarrhea virus	PEDV	NC_003436.1	28.033	(0.25, 0.19, 0.23, 0.33
Transmissible gastroenteritis virus	TGV	NC_002306.2	28,586	(0.29, 0.17, 0.21, 0.33
Rubella virus	RUV	NC_001545.1	9,755	(0.15, 0.39, 0.31, 0.15
Equine arteritis virus	EAV	NC_002532.2	12,704	(0.21, 0.26, 0.26, 0.27
Rabies virus	RV	NC_001542.1	11.932	(0.29, 0.22, 0.23, 0.26
Human Immunodefinianeu ulcun 4	HIM-1	NC 001802 1	0 181	(0.26 0.18 0.24 0.2

S. No.	Holocale	Target	Type of Study Techniques Used	Results	Study, Year, Reference
1	Luteolin	SARS- CeV S2 protein	Freed-affeity dvoreato- graphy-mais spectroenery HN42c/SARS preudorgie virus satay HTT assay with widotype SARS-CoV	Lanselh-inhibed SMS-CaY inflecton in a dose-depen- dent manner. ECosyma (0.6 pH, CC ₅₆ was 0.155 mH, LD ₅₀ in mice was 2322 mg/kg.	Y) et sl. 3004'''
2	Querostin	SARS- CaV 52 protein	HNUsc/SARS pseudotype virus assay	8C ₃₀ of 88.4 pH and CC ₅₀ of 3.32 mH	Y) et al. 2004 ¹¹
3	GCG (gellocatechin gellace)	SARS- CaV 3CLPro	 Expression of recombinant 3CLPro in Pather pastors and ics inhibition. Molecular docking 	FYS whiteken by 200 µM. Kour of 47 µM. Einding energy of -14 koalimal	Ngayen et al, 2012 ¹⁴
•	Querostin	SARS- CoV 3CLPro	 Expression of recombinant. 3CLPro in Pichle perton and its inhibition. Molecular docking 	BRX inhibition at 200 µM. K _{att} of 23.8 µM. Binding energy -10.2 kcal/wal	Ngayen et sl, 2012 ¹⁴
5	EGCG	SARS- CaY JCLPro	 Expression of recombinant. 3CLPro in Pather persons and its inhibition. Molecular docking 	ESS: inhibition at 200 µM. Equ of 73 µM Einding energy -11.7 kcal/wal	Ngayen et al, 2012 ¹⁴
•	Resensation	MERS- CLIV NP	 MTT assay using varo-86 call line Nacleocapsid protein stating 	 Found to be effective in the 125-250 µM range on viral time as well as viral RNA amount. Vehibits carpose 2 cleavage. 	Lin et al. 2017 ¹³
7	Hepporetin	SARS- CoV 3CLPro	Cell free and cell-based clearage sozys	IC $_{50}$ of 63 μM in cell-level assay, IC $_{50}$ of 8.3 μM in cell-level assay and a CC $_{50}$ of 2710 μM	Lin et al. 2005 ¹⁰
8	Querantin	AGE2 Infl AURIN	 Gene silencing Expression stadies Transpirat: masse models 	Querostin affected AGE2 expression. In addition, it was found to share the expression of 98 of 122 (20%) genes encoding human proteins that serve as target for the SARS-CoV-2.	Gânsiy. 2820' ^m



Nutraceuticals, epigenetics and inhibition of RNA viruses





In conclusion fasting and to some extend fasting mimetics result in beneficial modulation of microbiota (e.g diversity, SCFA, BHP) and metabolism (e.g SIRTS, mtDNA, telomer length)

Microbiota structure seems to interfere with the expression of Sirtuins and metabolism relevant miRNAs



where covering that in terms win expression, sensecence regulating miRNAs, utilidobacteria correlate with welfbeing and skin earance after Sirtuin- activating drink



The EFSA ANS Panel was asked to provide a scientific opinion on the safety of green tea catechins from dietary sources including preparations such as bod supplements and influions. Green tea is produced from the leaves of Camelia ainensis (L) Juntas, without fermentation, which prevents the Panel considered the possible association between the recommission of Jengalian catechina opinion is based on published scientific literature, including interventional studies, monographs and reports by national and international authorities and data received following a public Califor data. The mean data published scientific literature, including interventional studies, monographs and reports by national and international authorities and data received following a public Califor data. The mean data daily base of ECGC on the teamer team and the protocol resonant and the sponse set of the studies of the studies and the sponse team team resonant and the sponse studies and the sponse team resonant and the sponse studies of the studies of the studies, are in the rene concluded that catechina from green tea induston, prepared in a traditional way, and reconstruct doins with an equivalent composition to trading are test industors, are in that accorresponds to the partial maters in traupean Member Stats. Noweer, are cases of the index corresponds to the partial science of the state states of the prevention discover at reaction. Based on the available data to the potential staves reflects of green tea catechins provide statistically agent states and the states of the sponse that statesching and the states from the remote states that intake of does exeal or above 800 mg EGCC/day taken as a food supplement has been shown to induce a statistically agent factor trade statistically agentificant therease of serum transmission in treated subjects compared to control.

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Novel Protein Sources



Protein-energy malnutrition is a global challenge that demands urgent attention, especially with the increasing population growth and unmatched food security plans. One strategy is to expand the list of protein sources, such as neglected and underutilized crops, with high protein content. A good number of plant proteins, in addition to their nutritional benefits, exert therapeutic properties

Novel protein sources, meat replica



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Proteins from microorganisms, single-cell proteins (SCPs)



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Single cell proteins



What is single cell prote

- The term single cell protein was introduced in the 1960s to describe protein-rich foods manufactured from yeasts that served as dietary supplements for livestock and humans.
 The production and utilization of microbial biomass as a source of food proteins gained particular interest as an alternative source for proteins of agricultural origin due to its high content of protein.
 Algae as a source of SCP is a term which refers to either microscopic single-cell true algae or prolaryoit cyanobacteria, and their growth is based on use of carbon dioxide and light energy.
 Quorn is produced from a multi-cellular, filamentous fungus, the term single cell protein is naccurate and mycoprotein is the preferred name.
 Mycoprotein is a form of single-cell protein, also known as fungal protein "Protein derived from fungi, especially as produced for human consumption.

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A mega market



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Single cell proteins , fermentation, (often) using waste materials $\ensuremath{)}$



Protein (and other goodies) from algae



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Algae as human food





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Microalgae as a novel food

Potential and legal framework

Tomke F. Prüser, Peggy G. Braun, Claudia Wacek

Abstract	gee
Microalgae such as Chlorello and spirulina have high dietary potential, because they contain a large number of nutrients which seem to make them predesimed for use in harman nutrition. They are characterised by fast growth and enable low-ensurce production of important nutrients, such an -3 fatty usits.	The name "algae" is a collective term for a large polyphyletic group of loving things indivating both plants and haderia. What they admost all have its corrupted in they contain chloophylf and are thras also able to produce energy from
Alongside a line approved species of microakgae, there are served hoxaned microakgae that are not used in human nutrition despite their information univient public. The masses her this was negloated in this audiin paper and can be traued back to Europe's legal harmwork the consume protection. As a result of the Rogalation on most foods, fload are only approved for use on the European maket after a time consuming investigation process, in order to pretect consumers from usef boddmith.	light, suchoss denide and water through engine- etic photosynthesis (1). They differ from mores- and ferms in that signs are not specialised for life- en luml (2). Nown this very general definition in incomplete and excludes whole taxs of algor which have isn't the ability to photosynthesise our the course of their deducers (1). 21
Reywords: microalgae, novel food, Novel Food Regulation, n 3 fatty acids, sitamin θ_{12}	The algae group is divided into microalgae and macroalgae, whereby macroalgae are multi-
	Abstract Occupant with a Charler and guardia have high dilary parterial, the Coragon with a Charler have in guardian that the Charler temperature of the Charler and the Charler and the Charler temperature of the Charler and the Charler an

Molke

Many appendix in the local biologity many particular of the three particular structure that the particular temporal table in the spectrum of an arithmet. They thus has most increase the spectrum of the particular structure and the spectrum of the spectrum of the spectrum of the three adoption of the spectrum of the spectrum of the three adoption of the spectrum o

Solutions is promoted mainly for its protein and vitamin B12 content. Tablets of dried spirulina have a vitamin B12 content of 120-240 grid(Ddg, although 25% is in the form of non-biosvalable spirulina is arround 50-50% of the driv mass with a biological value of 50-70 [B1]. However, even microalige not approved up to now have major potential. For instance, not only does the dry mass of Phaedact/yum troomutum contain 1.7.5.0% of eicosapentaenois acid (ENA) [20], it also contains the caracteriod forceamth.

Goodies from algae



Plant protein sources, non-conventional extraction techniques (NCE)



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Plant protein sources, methods



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Plant-based proteins

- Made from soy, peas, lentils, wheat, or other proteins mixed with ingredients such as oils
- Binding agents such as methylcellulose may be added
 May be called "meat analogues", "veggie burgers"
- Some products have been formulated to "bleed" like meat
 Impossible" burger uses genetically engineered soy leghemoglobin
 Beyond Meat* uses beet juice



Plant-based proteins- 2

Regulation: FDA regulates

- Daily regulation not required
- Food processors must have risk-based preventive food safety system in place Discussion in many states and federal level on what can be called a "burger", "sausage", "meat" or similar terms

EU Novel food ?



Plant-based proteins- 3

- Food safety considerations: consumers with allergies to wheat, soy, etc should check label
 Cook to 165F, use same good practices as with meat
- Marketplace status: Available in many restaurants and grocery stores



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Further nutrition considerations

- Noted nutrients likely lacking in most beef replacements and meat replacements include:
 - Monounsaturated fatty acids
 - + Vitamins B_3 (niacin), $B_{12}{}^\ast$
 - Zinc
 - CholineSelenium
 - *Lack of B_{12} represents a well-known and potentially serious limitation of plant based diets

Plant-based proteins- nutrition comparison

• Slightly different than meat

	Regular Whopper*	Impossible Whopper®
Calories (Kcal)	240	210
Fat (g)	18	12
Saturated Fat (g)	8	7
Trans Fat (g)	1.5	0
Cholesterol (mg)	80	0
Sodium (mg)	230	330
Carbohydrates (g)	0	9
Fiber (g)	0	2
Sugar (g)	0	1
Protein (a	20	17

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Cultured meat is coming



- NOT currently available for many consumers
 Not currently produced on large scale
- Grown in laboratories from animal cells in culture medium
 Grown on an edible non-meat scaffold that holds cells in position
- May be called "cultured protein", "clean meat", "lab-grown meat", "in vitro meat", others

Cultured meat, production



There are three stages in the production of . cultured meat. 1. Selection of starter cells, 2. Treatment of growth

3. Scaffolding,

Cells, media, scaffolds (Gerüst)

- To collect cells that have rapid rate of proliferation.
- Stem cells does not develop toward a specific kind of cells. So cells such as myosatellite and myoblast cells are often used.
- Because the cells will helps in producing a structural cells.
- Cells are then treated by applying a solution that promotes tissue growth known as growth medium.
 Medium should contain necessary nutrients and appropriate quantities of growth factor.
- Then they are placed in a bioreactor which is able to supply the cells with energetic requirements.
- To cultured 3 dimensional meat, the cells are grown on scaffold. The idea scaffold is edible so meat does not have to be removed and periodically moves to stretch the developing muscle.
- Scaffold must maintain flexibility in order to not detach from developing myotubes.
- Scaffold d must allow vasucularization (creation of blood vessel) in order to develop normal muscle tissue.

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3D printing?

• Additive manufacturing:

An Israeli company Meatech proposes to use 3 dimensional printing techniques to improve the texture of cultured meat.

- Sacffold based production technique can be only appropriately used in boneless or ground meats.
- · End result of this process would be meat for hamburger and sausages.

Alternative proteins EU Novel Food law and FDA

Highlights

- EU food law i
- Insects and cultured meat are novel foods; seve and macroalgae are not.
- The GM Food Regulation edited foods.
- · The names of vegan products have caused control
- The principles of non-dis important for fairness.

The Novel Food Regulation focuses on the nutritional and food safety concerns with human foodstuffs, and in microbial proteins the main food safety concerns are the high RNA content, toxic metabolities and contamination of the microbial cultures with other microorganisms (Ritala et al., 2017). The biomass produced by cellular agriculture may be havested and processed for food as such, or its proteins may be extracted to produce a pure protein isolate.

Protein extraction may cause significant changes to the nutritional content of the raw material and the resulting protein isolate may thus be considered a novel food, although the production organisms itself would not fall under Novel Food Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2015/2283



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Proteins from arthropods, insects



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 in westlichen Ländern Säugetiere als Hauptproteinquelle -> kaum Insektenverzehr
 (Gerino et al., 2019)



Gesundheitliche Vorteile von Insekten

vergleichbare Nährstoffgehalte wie Fleisch und Fisch

hohe Gehalte an:

- essentielle Aminosäure
- mehrfach ungesättigten FettsäurenBallaststoffen
- Mineralstoffen: Kupfer, Eisen, Magnesium, Mangan, Phosphor, Selen und Zink

[FAO, 2013]



255

100

😪 15.500

12.5







ökologische und ökonomische Vorteile

- geringer Futter und Wasserverbrauch
- -> effizientere Futterverwerter
- -> 2kg Futter ≙ 1kg Insektenmasse -> 8kg Futter ≙ 1kg Rindermasse
- weniger Landverbrauch
- geringer Treibhausemissionen
- Zucht auch mit geringen Ressourcenaufwand möglich
 -> auch für Schwellen- und Entwicklungsländer

[FAO, 2013]

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Main problem allergy in all novel protein sources





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Risiko allergenes Potential

- direkte Allergie bei Mehlwürmern und Seidenraupe
- Kreuzreaktivität bei Hausstaubmilben- und Meeresfruchtallergikern zu Tropomyosin und Argininkinasen der Insekten
 > bei Mehlwürmern, Grillen, Grashüpfer, Motte, Termiten, Schabe
 - sei weniwurmern, Grillen, Grasnupler, Motte, Termite

Vorkommen:

7,6% allergische Reaktionen
davon 18% anaphylaktischer Schock

Symptome:

Hautreaktionen (Rötung, Urticaria), GI-Probleme (Bauchschmerzen, Diarrhoe), respiratorische Störungen (Asthma, Dyspnoe)

[De Gier & Verhoeckx, 2018]

[Garino et al. 2019]

Risikoanalyse-System allergenes Potential

• Verhinderung einer Übertragung von allergenen Material auf andere Lebensmittel -> Schutz von Allergikern

Data	Consumption	Contaminati	ion levels	Clinical studies
	Food	processing	Allergens	
Variables	A	illergen intake	• •	Thresholds
Stochastic model		\sum	Y	
Outcome		Risk of	allergic reacti	on

Stellung eines Novel Food- Antrags

-> Beweis, dass kein allergenes Protein in Lebensmittel enthalten

-> Vergleich der AS-Sequenz mit Sequenz von allergenen Proteinen

[Garino et al., 2019]

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Risiko: biologische und chemische Gefahren

Biologische Gefahren

- pathogene Bakterien
- Mykotoxin-produzierende Pilze Parasiten
- Viren
- Antibiotika resistente Gene

Chemische Gefahren

- Schwermetalle • toxisch-chemische Verbindungen

[Garino et al., 2019]

- Abhängig von: Spezifische Produktionsmethoden
- Substratverwendung
- Phase der Ernte Insektenspezies
- Verarbeitungsmethoden

gesetzliche Regelungen

- EU Regulation 2015/2283: Insektenbasierte Lebensmittel gehören zu Novel Food
- EU Regulation 2017/893: Liste mit 7 erlaubten Insektenspezies
 - Hermetia illucens (Soldatenfliege)
 - Musca domestica (Stubenfliege)
 Tenebrio molitor (Mehlkäfer)
 - Alphitobius diaperinus (Getreideschimmelkäfer)
 - Acheta domesticus (Hausgrille)
 Gryllodes sigillatus (Kurzflügelgrille)

 - Gryllus assimilis (Steppengrille)

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Risikoanalyse-System Allergene (Mehlwürmer)

- 1. Stufe: Gefahrenidentifikation -> allergische Reaktionen durch Hautkontakt, Inhalation oder Verdauung -> IgE-Körper Produktion
- 2. Stufe: Gefahrencharakterisierung: -> Bestimmung Grenzwert-Dosis für allergische Reaktion (durch klinische Studie) -> Effektive Dosis (5%, 10%, 50%)
- 3. Stufe: Aufnahme Beurteilung:

- Menge von konsumierten Produkt
 > Konzentration Allergen in Produkt
 > Wahrscheinlichkeit, dass allergenes Produkt aufgenommen wird
 > Charakterisierung und Prävalenz von klinischen Subgruppen
- Stufe: Risiko Charakterisierung

 Charakterisierung des Risikos bei verschiedenen Leveln von Allergenen
 Entwicklung eines sicheren Grenzwertes f
 ür allergene LM



Nachweismethode Insekten

- Für Gen-Identifikation C01-Gen verwendet
 -> Cytochrom C Oxidase 1-Gen in Mitochondrien aller Tierarten
- C01-Gensequenz bei allen Spezies unterschiedlich
 je näher verwandt, desto ähnlicher
- Gensequenzen erlaubter Insektenspezies in Datenbank "Barcode of Life Data System (BOLD)" gespeichert
- \Rightarrow Nachweis durch Vergleich Gensequenz von Probe mit Datenbank

[Garino et al., 2019]

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NANO particles, nutrition and foods





Quantum dots (QDs) are semiconductor particles a few nanometres in size, having optical and electronic properties that differ from larger particles due to quantum mechanics

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Nano and nutrition



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Methods Nano

Nanotechnique	Characteristic feature	Examples	Reference
Edible coatings	To preserve the quality of fresh foods during extended storage	Gelatin-based edible coatings containing celulose nanocrystal	Fakhouri et al., 2014
		Chitosan/nanosilica coatings	Shi et al., 2010
		Chilosan film with nano-SiO ₂	Yu et al., 2012
		Alginate/lysozyme nanciaminate coatings	Medelos et al., 201-
Hydrogels	Can be easily placed into capsules, protects drugs from extreme environments, and to deliver them in response to environmental stimuli such as pH and temperature	Protein hydrogels	Qui and Park, 2001
Polymeric micelles	Solubilize water-insoluble compounds in the hydrophobic interior, high solubility, low taxicity	PEO-b-PCL [poly(ethylene glycol(block-poly(caprolactone)] polymeric miselles.	Ma et al., 2008
		Methoxy polyisthylene glycol) palmitate polymeric micelles	Sahu et al., 2008
Nancemulsions	 Greater stability to droplet aggregation and gravitational separation; 	β-Carotene-based nancemulsion	Kong et al., 2011
	 Higher optical clarity; and, (ii) increased oral bioavailability 	B-Carotene-based nancemulsion	Yuan et al., 2006
Liposomes	Since liposome surrounds an aqueous solution inside a hydroghobic membrane, it can be used delivery vehicles for hydrophobic molecules (contained within the bilayer) or hydrophilic molecules (contained in the aqueous interior)	Cationic lipid incorporated liposomes modified with an acid-labile polymer hyper-branched poly(glycido) (HPG)	Yoshizaki et al., 201
horganic NPs	They display good encapsulation capability and their mid surfaces allow controlled functionalization	Mesoporous silica nanoparticles	Tang et al., 2012

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Nanoparticles: Delivery, stability, release



Nano carriers

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Nano and nutraceuticals



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Nutraceuticals delivery





Gold nanoparticles , GNPs

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Supplements, NF, functional foods



Nutraceuticals, Botanicals Foods for special medical purposes

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Supplements, Food improvements

	Food Improvement Agents
Additives	rood improvement Agents
Enzymes	Food additives, food enzymes and food flavourings are also known as "food improveme agents".
Flavourings	Why add food additives, enzymes and flavourings to food?
Extraction Solvents	 Among others, food additives preserve, colsur and stabilise food during its productio packaging or storage.
Common Authorisation Procedure	 Enzymes have specific biochemical actions which serve technological purposes at a stage of the food chain
ALL TOPICS	Flavourings give or change the odour or taste to food

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Safe level

Setting the "safe level" As part of its safety evaluations of food additives EFSA seeks to establish, when possible (e.g. when sufficient information is available), an Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI) for each substance.

Dety interve to your detailed and the second second

Supplements, EU upper intake levels







Nutraceuticals, Botanicals, EU

efsa EFSA Journal 2012;16(5) 2663 SCIENTIFIC REPORT OF EFSA f botanicals reported to contain naturally occuring ible concern for human health when used in food and food supplements² European Food Safety Authority^{2, 1} pean Food Safety Authority (EFSA), Parma, Buly Middle is in where C-expendion of branch report is to some the same the paper of the Cooperland in a to star it is a some of the same the same of the Cooperland in a same of the same transmitter of the same same of the same same of the same same of the same same balance of the same same balance of the same same balance of the same same balance of the same same balance of the same of the

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Example, botanical

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Example EGCG

Example EGCG Green tea is produced from the leaves of Camella sinensis (L.) Kuntze, without fermentation, which prevents the oxidation of polyphenolic components. Most of the polyphenols in green tea are catechins. The Panel considered the possible association between the consumption of (-)epigallocatechin-3-gallate (EGCG), the most relevant catechini in greente, and hepatotoxicity. This scientific copinion is based on published scientific literature, including interventional studies, monographs and reports by national and international autorhitise and data received following a public Call for data: The mean daily intake of EGCG resulting from the consumption of green tea influsions ranges from 90 to 300 mg/day while exposure by high-well consumers is estimated to be up to 866 ng EGC(day, in the adult population in the EU. Food supplements containing green tea catechins provides a daily dose of EGCG in the name of 51 yolomg/day, for adult population. The Panel concluded that catechins from green tea influsion, prepared in a traditional way, and reconstituted drinks with an equivalent composition to traditional green tea influsions, are in general considered to be safe according to the presumption of sidery approach provided the influsions are in general considered to be safe according to the presumption of sider teations. Reset on the available data on the potential adverse effects of green tea catechins on the liver, the Panel concluded that there is evidence from interventional clinical trialis that intake of doses equal or above 800 ng EGCG/day taken as a food supplement has been shown to induce a statistically significant increase of serum transaminases in treated subjects compared to control.

New EU legislation restricts the amount of green tea extract containing (-)-epigallocatechin-3-gallate (EGCG) that can be present in food and sets new labeling requirements. EGCG is a catechin, which are flavinols that may lead to liver damage.

Catechins, of which EGCG is the most common type, are found naturally in the leaves of Cam Calledham, of whath LGCG is the most common type, are found fulficably on the levers of Camitha mismical LG Antaria. Plant that is proceed to the green trace. A 2018 Scientific optional transport node Safety Authenity (LGNA) concluded that consumption of LGCA exceeding 1000 milliparato per day (mg/Authy) may incrince the Hildehood Of how damage when taken n as lood support. LGNAs determination was based on studies that revealed a statisticably significant increase of service transmismuses, which are indicative of there images. In support services, the CGCA supportences. Food supplements containing green tea atechins provide a daily dose of EGCG in the range of 5–1,000 mg/day, according to EFSA.
Developments novel food regulation, vertical, horizontal



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Novel Food (EU)

Novel food

- Foods and food ingredients
 with a new or intentionally modified primary molecular structure (eg, fat substitutes);
 consisting of microorganisms, fungi or algae, or can be isolated from this (for example, microalgae oil); oil);
- consisting of plants or isolated (eg phytosterols), and isolated from animals food ingredients.

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NF categories

od with a new or intentionally modified molecular structure od consisting of, isolated from or produced from microorg sms, funci

sting of, isolated from or produced from material of n

e.g

wild plants can be novel foods if they have not been consumed for human consumption to a significant degree in the EU before 15 May 1997

mixing of, isolated from or produced from plants or their paints mixing of, isolated from or produced from animals or their paint mixing of, isolated from or produced from animals or their paint mixing of, isolated from or produced from eld value or lisous well from animals, plants, micro organisms, fingi or algae; ultimity from a produced in process not used for food production blains before 15 May 1997, which gives rise to significant chang ontolino or thirticule of food, affecting is functional value, sol of undestable aubitance; wellstip of enzylenet aunomativities consisting of engineered nanomaterials; ins, minerals and other substances used in accordance with 2002/46/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1925/2006 or Regulation (EU) No

109/2013; 10. Food used exclusively in food supplements within the Union before 15 May 1997, where it is intended to be used in foods other than food upplements as defined in point (a) of Article 2 of Directive 2002/46/EC;

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Novel foods

What are novel foods? Novel foods are all foods that have not been used for human consumption to a significant degree within the European Union before 15 May 1997, irrespective of the dates of accession of Member States to the Union, and fall into at least one of the following 10 bool categories: 10 thin a rever or interbinally model molecular structure (e.g. tagatose, salarim) 11 with a rever or interbinally model molecular structure (e.g. tagatose, salarim) 12 consist of or are isolated from materials of mineral origin (e.g. chingchillate (treolite) 2 consist of or are isolated from materials and parts of plants (e.g. e.non i juce (Monda catrificito), in a seedu/Salvie hipponico)) 5 consist of or are isolated from animals or their parts (e.g. insects, oil from Antarctic kill/Euphasis superbol, peptides from the fills Sardinas suppon)

Sconsist of a have been isolated from animals or their parts (e.g. insects, oil from Antarctic krill(*Euphasia superba*), peptides from the fish *Sadradius* spant). Scell and tissue cultures from animals, plants, microorganisms, **fungi or algae** (e.g. extract from cell cultures of *Echinacea angustifolia*, invite metal). "Jood resulting from a production process not used for food production within the Union before 15 May 1997 resulting in a *Cale and the Constant and Constan*

Novel foods The Commission considers foods and food ingredients that have not been used for human consumption to a significant degree in the EU before 15 May 1997 novel foods and novel food ingredients. Agplers to foods and food ingredients which actisfy the decipition and fall into one of the following categories: Foods and load angredients which presents a new or modified primary molecular structure; which consist of micro-organizms, fungi or algae; which consist of are isolated from pairs and ingredients isolated from animals; whoce multifound value, metabolism or level of underlandle substances has been significantly changed by the production process.

They: Must be safe for consumers. Must be properly labelled to not mislead consumers. Can not be nutritionally disadvantageous.

What the Novel Food Regulation does not cover The Regulation does not cover :

e Regulation does not cover : Food additives Flavourings for use in foods Extraction solvents used in the production of foods GMOs for food and feed

If foods and/or food ingredients were used exclusively in food supplements, new uses in other foods require authorisation under the Novel Food Regulation e.g. food fortification require authorisation.

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On the market before 15 May 1997, consequences



Questions of interpretation on the Novel Food Regulation -Topic Spermidine

Baference for a preliminary ruling from the LG Graz, Case C-141/22 - Qa Food Regulation / Subject: Spermidine

The method relates to a food supplement comprising Spermidine, in hydrogonics in a motiont solution containing synthetic upermidine, in finited and ground into usefuling meal. The production process does The spormidine context of buckariest seeding flour is 3.5 mg per gr-

2) If the answer to Question 1 is in the negative, is Article 3(2)(a)(will of Regulation 2015)2283 to be into meaning that the term 'floid manufacturing process' also includes processes in primary production?

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Do novel foods have to be safe? Novel foods must be subject to a uniform safety assessment before they can be placed on the market in the EU. Novel foods must not pose a risk to the consumer and must not be misleading. Furthermore, they must not differ from the conventional foods and food ingredients they are intended to replace in such a way that their normal consumption would result in nutritional deficiencies for the

What is not covered by the Novel Food Regulation? Food additives, food fiasourings, food enzymes, genetically modified food and extraction solvents for the production of food are not novel foods: a step are subject to their own legal regulations (according to Article 2, para. 2). Clarification of Novel Food Status

The Bodb business operator is responsible for verifying whether the food to be placed on the market is a novel food. To clarify the Novel Food status, it is recommended to consult the Union list (Implementing Regulation [UI]) 2017/2470 as amended consultated version) as well as the Novel Food Status of Boods and Impredents. Since 01 January 2018 three is the <u>Union list</u>, a possible list in which all the conditions of union of the Novel Food Status of Boods and Impredents. Since 01 January 2018 three is the <u>Union list</u>, a possible list in which all the conditions of union of the Novel Food Status of Boods and Impredents. Since 01 January 2018 three is the <u>Union list</u>, a possible list in which all interded to provide an overview of the use of plants and fung in foodstatis. The guideline "<u>human cosumption to a significant</u> <u>darger</u> published by the European Commission is used. In case of existing uncertainty at so whether the food is an unauthorised novel food, the food business operator may consult the comparison of the Member State is which the potentially rowel food is to be placed on the market first (= <u>Consultation</u> <u>provedime</u> according to Arctice 4 and Neuron Food Regulation (UI) 2013/2233).

Novel foods because of processing technologies



Authorisation process



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Examples, Stevia



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Notification of a traditional food from third countries There is facilitated market access into the EU for traditional foods from third countries. However a safe history of use of a least 25 years outside the EU has to be proven. But this only applies to plants, animals, micro-organisms, fungi, algae and cell and tissue cultures. If there are no objections to the notification of the traditional food, it is entered on the Union list by means of an implementing act. In case of safety concerns, an authorisation procedure with shorter deadlines is possible (Article 10). EFSA has also published guidance on the notification of the deadlines is possible (article 10). EFSA has also published guidance on the notification of traditional foods from third countries. The procedure for notification of a traditional food is regulated in the <u>Implementing</u> Regulation (EU) 2017/2468. Currently <u>monorial applications</u> for authorisation of a novel food as well as a traditional food from third countries can be viewed online at the European Commission.



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Lycopin

Lycopin - Herstellung

- Mit Hilfe spezieller, lebensmittelrechtlich zugelassener Lösungsmittel wird Lycopin aus Tomaten (*Lycopersicon* esculentum L.) extrahiert. Ein Kilogramm Tomaten enthält etwa 20 mg Lycopin. a
- mg Lycopin. Haufiger als der isolierte Farbstoff wird Tomaten-Extrakt eingeset Er gilt, wenn nicht der enthaltene Anteil Lycopin gezielt erhöht wurde, das Fahrendes Lebensmittelt, Wonngleich Tomaten-Extrakt keine E Aummer trägt, ist er doch in der Zatatenliste aufgeführt. Lycopin kann auch chemisch-synthesisch hergesaben refan. Lebensmittelausschusses der EU vom Dezember 1999 darf synthetisches Lycopin jedon nicht als Zusatzaforf eingesetzt werden (SE/FCSIADDICQU/160 Final). Dies wird damit begründet dass das synthetische Prögunt andere all sos durch Extraktion toxiskologische Untersuchungen bisher fehlten.

LM ethnic

2.7 Produkte aus fremden Kulturkreisen

- Z./ Produkte als Mendem Nuturknetsen
 Non-Saff (relation Nuturknetsen
 Tearonne, traditorele Verendrugs
 Tearonne, traditorele Verendrugs
 Henstlaug und Verendrugszeck
 Wungsbehaupturgen
 Schreiherbeiterung von Nitro-Bit
 Nangal-Nutse (Cararium Indicum L) aus südpazifischen
 Anbau
 Tearonne, traditorele Verendrug
 Stadentebesturg von Nitro-Bit
 Stadentebesturg von Nitro-Bit

914

- Sector Sec

301

Baobab



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Sicherheitsbewertung

- Antragsteller hat die traditionelle Verwe der publizierten Literatur sowie aus gez Es sind - abge
- r langjährigen Lebensmittelt uropes hält der Antragsteller chten für belegt und weiterfü alt und Toxizität nicht für erft
- ebensmittelprüfstelle vom 12.7 2007 zu den sisch in den vorgeschl reinigten K uss, das ge Bac n 60
- The following facts should be taken into con
- Analytical/compositional and nutritional characteristics of the novel food (including its fate in biological systems);
 Previous history of human exposure;
 Expected applications as a novel food and the predicted exposure;

- exposure; O Necessity, appropriateness and outcome of animal studies and studies in humans; O Necessity and outcome of post-launch monitoring

Novel Food Catalogue

- lists products of plant and animal origin and other substances subject to the Novel Food Regulation, after EU
 countries and the Commission agree in the Novel Food Working Group.
- non-exhaustive, and serves as orientation on whether a product will need authorisation under the Nov Regulation.
- EU countries may restrict the marketing of a product through specific legislation. For inform address their national authorities.
- In some cases, it shows EU countries' history of use of food supplements and ingredients used exclusively in food supplements.

If foods and/or food ingredients were used exclusively in food supplements, new uses in other foods req authorisation under the Novel Food Regulation.

- Authorisations of novel foods and novel food ingredients by Commission Decisions " the placing on the market of...as a novel food ingredient"
- 2013 zeaxanthin an extension of use of Chia (Salvia hispanica) seed
- 2012
- dihydr Gamm ocapsiate a-Cyclode

2011

- novd chwaing gum base yesst bed gukuns / Pioophathigherme from sopelapids Pioophathigherme from sopelapids phoophather ansats schr Chromum Picolitate Chromum Picolitate (genetics) a dhein gikzen from Alegergillu right a ampsfül excits from Intellus devide (Skillake muchroom)

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<u>Refusals of authorisation</u> of novel foods and novel food ingredients by Commission Decisions

2000-2005 • Betaine

"Nangai nuts" Conarium indicum L (dried seed kernels)
 "etn //nd aurier kurgos eu/Lect/riServ/Lect/riserv/do?uri=01L2001.004.0035.0035.ENPDF

Stevia rebaudiona Bertoni plants and dried leaves
 http://iod.auciae.eurge.eu/j.ed/ifSev/j.ed/ifSev.do?uri=0/11/2000.051.0014:0014:ENPDE

Notel Usage of steviol glycosides from leaf extracts as sweeteners has been accepted (since 2.12.2011, EU food additive legislation)

- Points to consider (from Hermann M. The impact of the European Novel Food Regulation on trade and food innovation based on traditional plant foods from developing countries. Food Policy 34 (2009) 499-507.) Market access outside EU (many of the novel foods available in Canada, USA, Switzerland and Japan), re-directing of the marketing due to restrictions in Europe?

 - Importance of traditional exotic foods to the economics of poor countries and to the diet diversification among EU consumers? The regulation is critized being a non-tariff trade barrier for food that is "positic" from the EU perspective.
 - wild separate categories be needed for exeit traditional foods and "Inue" novel, innovative dis with no long-term consumption outside the EU? New estemics tails in regulated i composition, nutritional aspects, instale, toxicology and allegenic potential, also for products that are general groupside unal status of the EU Innovember of the Second Technology and Secon
 - · Would the potato be authorized nowadays (glycoalcaloids)? Wheat (gluten)?

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- rrous ammonium phosphate rric Sodium EDTA te of the fruits of Morinda citrifolia (Noni) Chia seed Global happatica) a land extract from luceme (Medicago sativa) animalione the uses of algad oil from the micro algae Schückorhrinn the uses of algad oil from the micro algae Schückorhrinn from the second second second second second second properties of the second second second second second second properties of the second second second second second properties of the second second second second second second properties of the second second second second second second properties of the second second second second second second properties of the second second second second second second properties of the second second second second second second properties of the second second second second second second properties of the second second second second second second properties of the second second second second second second second properties of the second second second second second second second properties of the second se 2008 en Al Mahride certificial Inteni) Banchidocia certificial Inteni) Bachadocia certificial Inteni Bachado cireli finite polo (ta tren antierto Africa, Autoralas, Madagastar, Albana Preimuda) Bachado cireli finite polo (ta tren antierto a finite da African) Intenia de Chamo el (a genua del 60 species of Rowering plant in the family Bonginaceae. Native to North Africa, maintale Glunge ant the Macaronesian Isundo) a sigha cyclobectrin rec dinak with added phytoterak/phytotandos (Terinka Ltd)

2010 • ferr

- 2008

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 coapulated dotato proteins and hydrolysates thereof
 destran preparation produced by Lexaconotice mesentenoides.
 pasteruried for this based preparations produced using high-pressure pasteruri ration.
 treholose
 "yellow fat for predia with added phytocolesterol esters"
 "phospholipides from egg yok"

2004-2005

2000-2003 • Salatrim • oil rich in DHA

307

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 2005-2007
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 9 electrolega with phytotectual (phytotectual):
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USA, FDA : no regulatons define Novel foods

How are Novel Foods defined by the Food and Drug Administration?

The united status of America (Use) has determine regulatory curvating and pre-market approprocesses, in the United States, no regulation defines "Novel Foods", however, any new food ingredient is consistent affective and America indicates and an approximate and Cate (ADAC).

4 food additive is any substance that is reasonably expected to become a component of food either directly indirectly; these regimes pre-market approxim. In this case, the applicant needs to summa it food Additive Petition (FAP) to the USA Food and Drug Administration (FDA). A food additive is any substance that is reasonably supperted to become a component of food either directly in ritikenzy; these require pre-market periods. The additive is the additive the sub-table food additive distance that is a test of the sub-table to become to access the sub-table food additive distance that the test of the periods. In this case, the additive there is to sub-table food additive distance that the test of the periods. The test of the additive there is the sub-table food additive distance that the sub-table test of the sub-table test of the sub-table food additive distance that the sub-table test of the sub-table test

GRAS substances, on the other hand, are exempted from the definition of "food additive" and instead are defined or "substances that are generally recognized, arong experts qualified by scientific training and experience to evaluate their solfety as having been adequately shown through scientific procedures to be so under the conditions of their interdet une".

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Nutrition, disease prevention Functional foods, additives health claim regulation

- Lebensmittel vs. Arzneimittel?
 Bei Pfanzen-Extrakten größe kulturelle Unterschiede in der Migliedstaaten der EU Länder mit länger Tratition, aber sehr unterschiedlichen Handhabungen (pos. vs neg. Liste, LM vs. AZM)
- Neuartig (Novel Food) oder nicht?
 Vulfatäge und nicht konsistente Interpretation sowohl auf Mitgliedstaaten als auch EU-Ebene
 Polge große Unsichenheiten, eingeschränkte Erhnicklungemöglichkeiten

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Food or medicine ?



Kennzeichnung claims Regional differences



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Regional differences



Health claim regulation



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313

Health claim classification



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Examples 13.1



Examples 13.5

317



Problems of gut immune claims (eg probiotoics



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319

New developmements



Spermidine



321

Highly different personal responses to diets, eg post- prandial glycemic responses, explanations ?





Personalisation and novel foods



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GWAS : SNPs, common variants have often only moderate effects; in different metabolic areas



despite low penetrance of SNPs, D-T-C genetic testing for nutritional advice



But: FTO+MCAR : 1.7 % increase in fat mass

Missing heritability: what is missing to understand a phenotype: gene- environment interactions, epigenetics, reversibility





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Epigenetics mechanisms, Interactions, early imprinting











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Nutrition: central importance Epigenetic histone-mediated regulation: e.g. C.R. regulate sirts, (HDACs; do all benefit from a SIRT diet ?



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Epigenetic miRNAs: food borne and regulators and markers of metabolic mechanisms, phenotypes, disorders















Correlation of microbiota structure with Glycemic responses used for algorithms for dietary advice



So, Genetic and microbiota analysis for personal dietary plans, But of central importance are Interactions microbiota with epigenetic System; host gut interactions e.g. in C.R., Fasting (fasting Mimetics)



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Personal different responses to nutriton affect aging, e.g. clock and other hallmarks of aging. this results in personal types of aging, ageotypes ?





Faces of personal aging: correlations of age with telomers, CPG-methylation, inflammation, mirnas(n>500)





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Age dependent epigenetic markers: In the Metabolic disease group (MD) correlations are disrupted, n>300

correlation age group

different aging patterns (age related Mirnas) in metabolic disease group





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Conclusion: Complex diseases (Aging) can arise from (a mixture of) personal diverse causes, an argument in favor of personally specific interventions (e.g. metabolic disease)



Conequences for Intervention: Flagship EU-Food4me study results prove "personal nutrition does better than on size fits all", J. Mathers







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Definition of metabotypes from genetic-, microbiotametabolomics based information, Metabotyping



Consequences of MetAbotypes, diets nexT step trackers

Spectrum of Possibilities for Human Metabolism										Manhood Annual Inc. (1971) Annual Inc. (1971)			
Car	bo Type	s		Mixed	Types		Pro	tein Ty	pes	Optimisation of a metabotype approach to deliver targeted distary advice			
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Personalisation of additives for Prevention Monitoring basic hallmarks of health/aging. Use of mixes of supplements, functional foods which address specific mechanisms "Achilles Fersen Concept"





Precision Probiotics +

Precision Probiotics + Prebiotics with Viome's Gut IntelligenceTM Test Iterational And what happens to the nutrition pyramide? But already the dietary reference values1992 US USDA-Pyramide, used an individualised approach, age, lifestyle (work)



Importance of good Markers, Nutrition: following the way of personalised, prezision medicine, CFDNA) ?



Prevention, intervention, Salutogenesis personal or precision medicine, synonyme? personal or precision nutrition, synonyme?



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Prevention, intervention: personal precision medicine, personal precision nutrition



Objectives aging: • longevity,? • healthy life span ? • age related complex diseases?



Analysis of molecular markers of different aging mechanisms and functional foods adressing the personal hazard may contribute to a personal, preventive health care, disease prevention, healthy aging

Application of Molecular Medicine towards personalised treatment



²⁰²⁴ 350 Objectives aging: • longevity,

 healthy life span
 age related complex diseases?

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Epigenetic and Salutogenesis : the bridge between scientific reductionism of markers and mechanisms and the need address the entire person ?



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